

Multi-functional micro-magnetic  
non-destructive testing instruments



Multi-functional micro-magnetic  
non-destructive testing  
instruments



Suitable for detecting ferromagnetic parts and components  
Rapidly evaluate **the homogeneity of microstructure**  
Quantitative testing of **mechanical property and residual stress**



## Instrument Principle

Micro magnetic non-destructive testing technology utilizes the multidimensional magnetic properties of ferromagnetic materials and the inherent correlation between micro-structure, residual stress, and macroscopic mechanical properties, to achieve the evaluation of micro-structure uniformity and quantitative non-destructive testing of mechanical properties and residual stress.

Micro magnetic non-destructive testing technology has broken through the limitations of traditional "sampling failure" testing methods, and can directly conduct quantitative testing on various performance indicators such as surface hardness, hardening layer depth, yield/tensile strength, plastic deformation, residual stress, impact energy, etc. for steel plates, steel pipes, gears, bearings, crankshafts, vehicle body structural components, etc.

## Micro-magnetic detection technology

Under the action of an alternating magnetic field, the internal magnetic domains of ferromagnetic materials undergo complex dynamic behavior. The motion of magnetic domains (walls) is discontinuous due to the pinning effect of micro defects such as dislocations, inclusions, and grain boundaries in materials, which perturbs the local magnetic field to form a magnetic pulse sequence and forms micro-scale pulse eddy currents around the micro defects in the material. The micro-scale magnetic pulse sequence is received by a magnetic sensitive element placed on the material surface and outputted in the form of voltage, known as magnetic Barkhausen noise; Micro scale pulse eddy currents can be detected through incremental eddy current technology, known as incremental magnetic permeability.

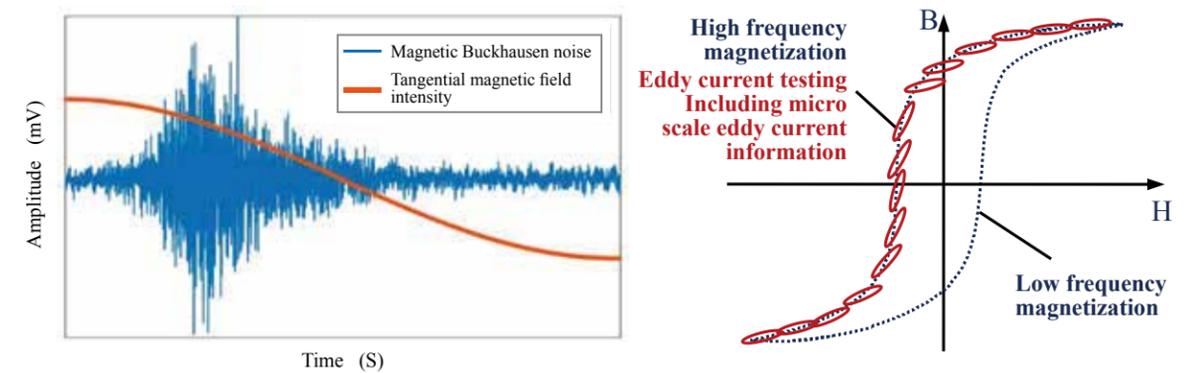


Figure2 Magnetic Barkhausen noise signal waveform (left); Schematic diagram of incremental permeability detection principle (right)

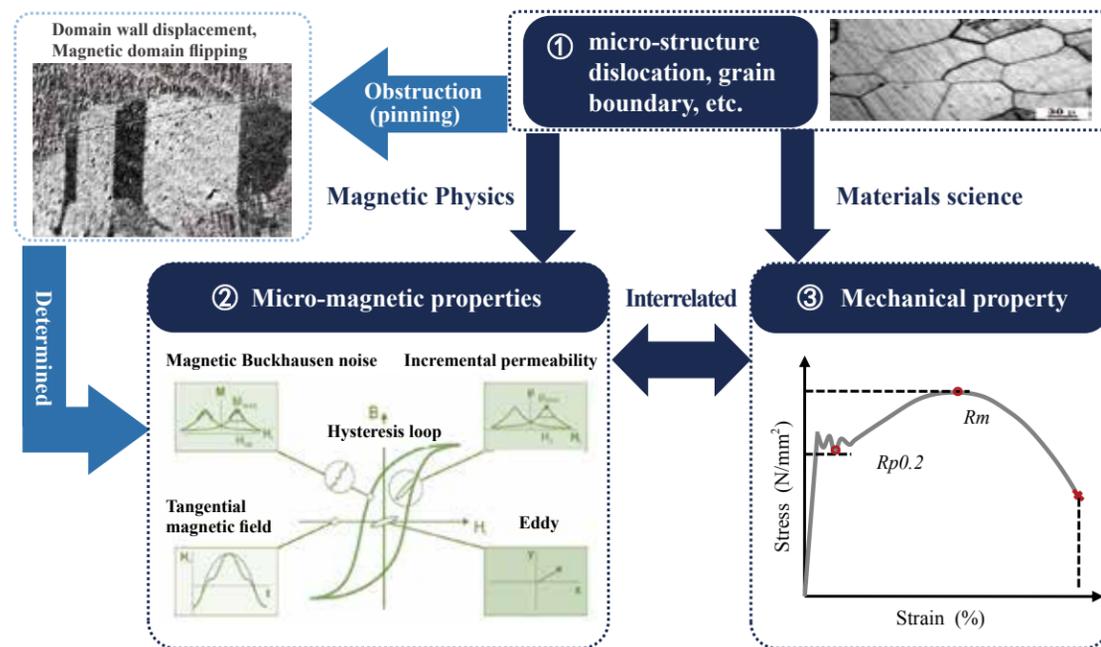


Figure1 figure 1 Principles of Micromagnetic Detection

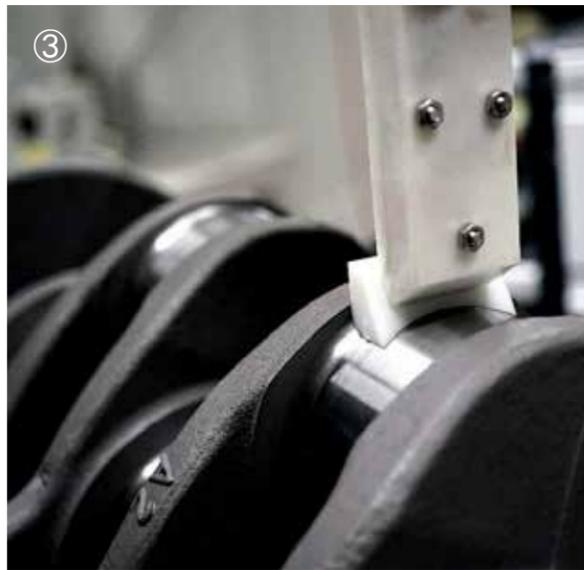
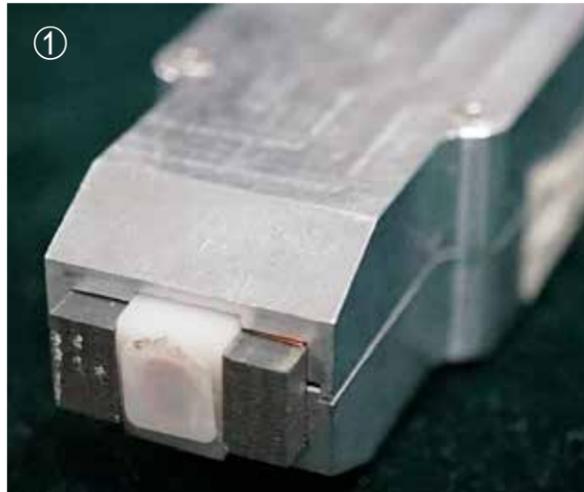
**Micro magnetic detection technology** refers to the experimental testing technique for magnetic Barkhausen noise and incremental magnetic permeability, which uses a single sensor to synchronously obtain multiple magnetic signals in the same testing area, including at least magnetic Barkhausen noise or incremental magnetic permeability, and is called multifunctional micro magnetic detection.

### Multi functional micro magnetic sensor structure

- ① Magnetic Barkhausen noise
- ② Multi frequency eddy current impedance
- ③ Tangential magnetic field strength
- ④ Incremental permeability
- ⑤ Hysteresis loop
- ⑥ Local hysteresis loop cluster

## Instrument core technology

### (1) Instrument core technology



① Impact specimen detection sensor

② Vehicle body structural component detection sensor

③ Crankshaft detection sensor

⑤ Gear detection sensor

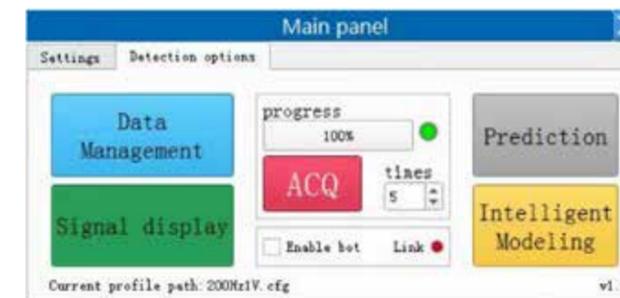
④ Blade detection sensor

## Instrument core technology

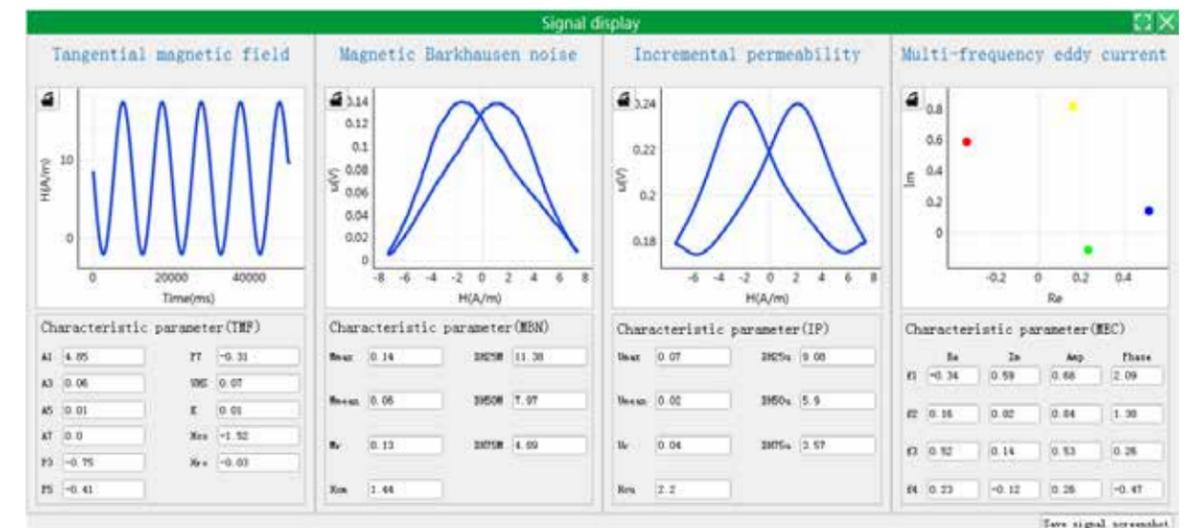
### (2) Multi class micro magnetic signal detection circuit across amplitude and frequency bands

The new method of "high/low frequency intermittent superposition magnetization" based on originality is designed using a combination strategy of "physical channel+same direction following separation", "multiplexing gating conditioning+hardware demodulation", etc. It can excite and receive multiple types of magnetic signals, achieve synchronous sensing and ultra fast detection of multi-dimensional magnetic parameters.

### (3) Instrument control software and feature parameter extraction algorithm based on Python



- ✓ Modular interface design for easy operation
- ✓ Support hardware encryption dog driver control
- ✓ Customized hardware configuration files for customers
- ✓ Open robot joint control interface



## Instrument core technology

### (4) Robot-based Micro-magnetic Scanning Imaging of Parts

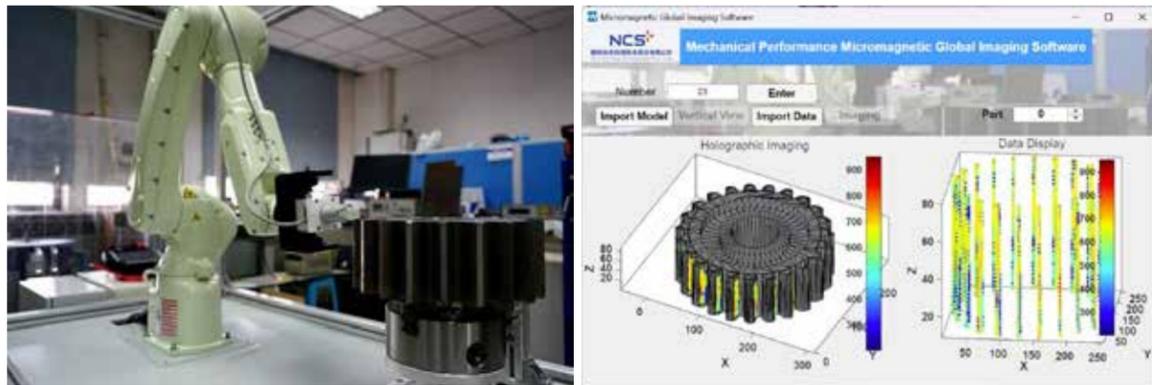


Figure 4 Micro magnetic scanning imaging system for components (left) and visualization software (right)

### (5) Intelligent modeling of the mapping relationship between mechanical properties and micro magnetic parameters

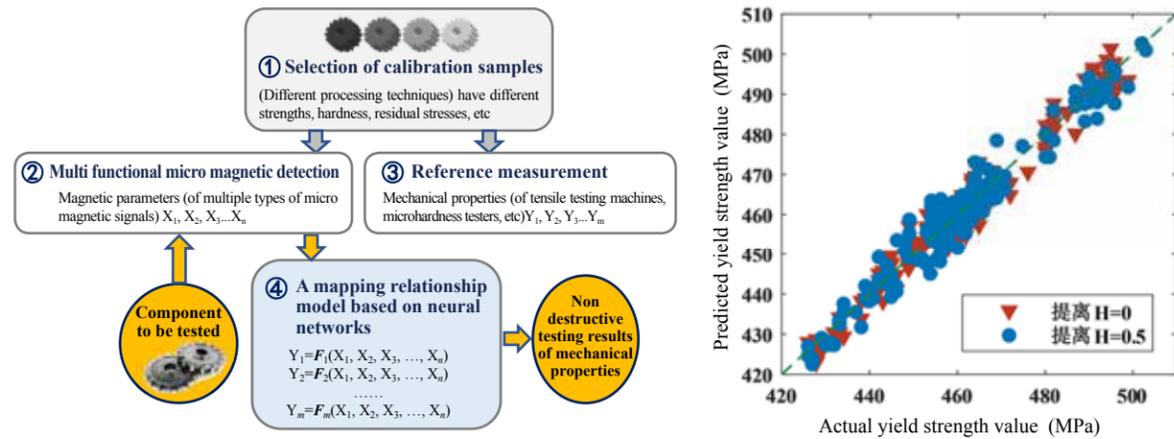


Figure 5 Calibration experimental process of micro magnetic non-destructive testing technology for mechanical properties (left) and typical modeling results (right)

Table 1 Detection accuracy of the model for typical mechanical performance indicators (\*)

Number	leading indicator	Current Index Values Reached
7	Relative error of yield strength	±10%
8	Residual stress error	±10MPa
9	Relative error in hardness and hardened layer depth	±5%
10	Plastic deformation	±20%
* Remark	The accuracy of the model is related to the quality of calibration experimental data	

## Micro magnetic testing instrument (standalone version)



Table 1 Detection accuracy of the model for typical mechanical performance indicators (\*)

Number	leading indicator	Current Index Values Reached	
1	Detection object	Ferromagnetic materials and structural components (such as steel plates, gears, bearings, etc.)	
2	Detectable performance indicators	Surface hardness, depth of hardened layer, residual stress, yield tensile strength, plastic deformation, residual Austenite, impact energy, etc	Precalibration required
3	Detectable types of micro magnetic signals	Tangential magnetic field strength (11 magnetic parameters); Magnetic Buckhausen noise (7 magnetic parameters); Incremental magnetic permeability (7 magnetic parameters); Multi frequency eddy current (16 magnetic parameters)	The default 4 functions are standard and can be selected independently during use
4	Testing accuracy of mechanical performance indicators	Surface hardness ± 5%; Residual stress ± 10Mpa, depth of hardened layer ± 5%; Yield/tensile strength ± 10% plastic deformation (residual elongation) ± 20%	Actual accuracy is related to calibration experiments
5	The main parameters of the detection circuit	Tangential magnetic field: frequency 50Hz~500Hz, maximum power 50W; Eddy current testing frequency: 10kHz~500kHz; Signal sampling rate: 1MS/s	Customizable according to specific needs
6	Battery specifications	Capacity 24V-2800mAh, continuous working time > 4 hours	Customizable according to specific needs
7	work environment	Temperature -5~45 °C; Relative humidity < 90%	
8	protection grade	Sensor: IP30; Instrument host: IP40	
9	Sensor: IP30; Instrument host: IP40 instrument appearance and size	Customized according to needs	
10	Overall weight	Can be less than 5kg	

## Component micro magnetic scanning instrument system



## Component micro magnetic scanning instrument system

Specification and model	Functions and application scenarios	Main technical parameters	Notes
NCS-MBN200 Magnetic Buckhausen noise detector	(1) Number of channels: 1 (2) Functions: Scanning for grinding burn of gear and bearing; Quantitative detection of surface hardness and hardening layer depth; (3) Configurations: Host (including software), sensors	Magnetization voltage range: 1V~20V Magnetization frequency range: 10Hz~1kHz Signal gain range: 0~50dB Hardware bandpass filter: 10kHz~450kHz Signal sampling rate: 2MS/s Detect repetition frequency: 10Hz~1kHz	Customized sensor technology size parameters as needed
NCS-RSTI500 Incremental eddy current residual stress detector	(1) Number of channels: 1 (2) Functions: Welding residual stress, Rapid scanning for uniformity of steel plate structure; Quantitative detection of residual stress; (3) Configurations: Host (including software), sensors	Magnetization voltage range: 1V~20V Magnetization frequency range: 10Hz~1kHz Incremental eddy current excitation frequency: 250Hz~25kHz Incremental eddy current excitation voltage: $\leq 12V$ Signal gain range: 0~30dB Signal sampling rate: 2MS/s Detect repetition frequency: 10Hz~1kHz	Customized sensor technology size parameters as needed
NCS-MMTI100 Multi-function micro-magnetic non-destructive detector	(1) Number of channels: 8 (customizable) (2) Functions: Steel plate hard spot detection; (3) Configurations: Host (including software), sensors, Detection car	Instrument parameters: The same as NCS-MBN200 or NCS-RSTI500 spatial resolution: $\geq 10mm$ Scanning speed: $\leq 1m/s$ Battery life: $\leq 6h$ (Customizable)	Customized instruments, sensors, and small cars as needed

Specification and model	Functions and application scenarios	Main technical parameters	Notes
NCS-MMTI600 Multi-function micro-magnetic non-destructive detector	<p>(1) Number of channels: 1</p> <p>(2) Functions: Detection of multiple magnetic properties of ferromagnetic materials (magnetic Buckhausen noise, tangential magnetic field, incremental permeability, multifrequency eddy current, main magnetic flux, etc.);</p> <p>(3) Scope of application: It is used for scientific research, nondestructive quantitative evaluation of mechanical property indexes (surface hardness, yield strength, elongation, impact energy, etc.) and residual stress of steel plates and steel parts, and applicable to manual inspection;</p> <p>(4) Configurations: Host (including software), sensors</p>	<p>Magnetization voltage range: 1V~20V</p> <p>Magnetization frequency range: 50Hz~500Hz</p> <p>Eddy current amplitude: <math>\leq 4V</math></p> <p>Eddy current frequency: 1kHz~500kHz</p> <p>Magnetic Buckhausen signal gain: -20~60dB</p> <p>Magnetic Buckhausen signal filter: 10kHz~450kHz</p> <p>Signal sampling rate: 2MS/s</p> <p>Detect repetition frequency: 5Hz~50Hz</p>	Customized sensor technology size parameters as needed
NCS-MMS800 Multi-function micro-magnetic non-destructive detector	<p>(1) Number of channels: 1</p> <p>(2) Functions: Scanning and quantitative evaluation of surface mechanical properties and residual stress uniformity of complex parts such as gears, bearing rings, body structural parts, crankshafts and blades;</p> <p>(3) Configurations: Six degree of freedom robot, parts turntable, multi-function micro-magnetic NDT instrument (including software and sensor), etc</p>	<p>Instrument parameters: The same as NCS-MMTI600</p> <p>Spatial resolution: <math>\leq 10mm</math>(Customizable)</p> <p>Maximum scanning speed: 100mm/s (Customizable)</p> <p>Repeatability: <math>\leq 0.1mm</math></p>	Customized sensor technology size parameters as needed
NCS-MMA900 Multi-channel online micro-magnetic detection system	<p>(1) Number of channels: Negotiate according to the technical requirements of the Demander</p> <p>(2) Functions: Scanning for material structure and residual stress uniformity of steel plates and pipes; Quantitative detection and imaging of surface hardness and residual stress (pre-calibrated)</p> <p>(3) Configurations: Determined according to the actual development plan</p>	Customized	Customized

## Instrument Principle

The instrument system has undergone on-site testing and demonstration applications in more than 10 units, including SHOUGANG JINGTANG UNITED IRON & STEEL CO.,LTD., TAI YUAN HEAVY INDUSTRY TRANSIT EQUIPMENT CO.,LTD., CITIC HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO.,LTD., BAOSHAN IRON & STEEL CO., LTD, winning widespread recognition and high reputation.

### Basic materials



### Components and parts



### Auto Parts



### Scientific research



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